

5.1 **I'm going to be...** (phr) = Ja mam zamiar zostać...

Lead-in (p. 46)

- 5.2 **goggles** /'gɒɡlz/ (n pl) = gogle
 5.3 **glove** /glʌv/ (n) = rękawiczka
The children put on their goggles and gloves and started skiing.
 5.4 **sightseeing** /'saɪtsi:ɪŋ/ (n) = zwiedzanie
 5.5 **souvenir** /'su:vənɪə/ (n) = pamiątka
 5.6 **make money** (exp) = earn money/zarabiać pieniądze
After making a lot of money, she went sightseeing all over Europe.
 5.7 **second-hand** /,sekənd 'hænd/ (adj) = używany, z drugiej ręki
 5.8 **record** /'rekɔ:d/ (n) = płyta
Phil buys second-hand records because they are cheaper.

Useful Phrases/Sentences

- 5.9 **There's no point.** = Nie ma sensu.
 5.10 **I see. I expect you'll make a lot of money.** = Rozumiem. Spodziewam się/Przypuszczam, że zarobisz mnóstwo pieniędzy.
 5.11 **I'm not sure, probably the end of next week.** = Nie jestem pewny, ale prawdopodobnie pod koniec przyszłego tygodnia.
 5.12 **How long are you going to be away?** = Jak długo cię nie będzie?/Na jak długo zamierzasz wyjechać?
 5.13 **Well, have a good trip then.** = Życzę ci miłej podróży.
 5.14 **It'll be a great experience, though.** = Niemniej, to będzie świetne doświadczenie/wspaniałe przeżycie.
 5.15 **What's up?** = Co słychać?
 5.16 **You haven't changed your mind, have you?** = No chyba nie zmieniłeś zdania?
 5.17 **What's the weather like over there?** = Jaka tam jest pogoda?

5.18 **No way!** = Nigdy!/Za żadne skarby!

Listening and Reading (p. 47)

- 5.19 **business trip** /'biznəs ,trɪp/ (n) = podróż służbowa, wyjazd w celach zawodowych
 5.20 **grow up** /grəʊ 'ʌp/ (phr v) = dorosnąć
Der.: grown-up (n) = dorosły
 5.21 **be away** /bi ə'weɪ/ (phr v) = wyjechać
Mr Smith will be away on a business trip for two weeks.
 5.22 **look after** /lʊk 'ɑ:ftə/ (phr v) = opiekować się, dbać o
Gina is a grown-up so she can look after herself.
 5.23 **homework** /'həʊmwɜ:k/ (n) = zadanie domowe, lekcje do odrobienia w domu
 5.24 **There's no point.** (exp) = Nie ma po co./ Nie ma sensu.
 5.25 **need** /ni:d/ (v) = musieć, potrzebować
You need to work hard and do your homework every day to pass your exams.
Der.: needless (adj) = niepotrzebny, zbyteczny
 5.26 **world tour** /wɜ:ld 'tʊə/ (n) = światowe tournée
 5.27 **expect** /ɪk'spekt/ (v) = spodziewać się, oczekiwać
Der.: expectation (n) = przewidywanie, oczekiwanie
 5.28 **in that case** (phr) = w takim przypadku/razie
 5.29 **water** /'wɔ:tə/ (v) = podlewać
 5.30 **feed** /fi:d/ (v) = karmić
When we go on holiday, we ask our neighbours to feed our dog and water the garden.
 5.31 **collect** /kə'lekt/ (v) = pick up/odbierać
 5.32 **trip** /trɪp/ (n) = wycieczka, wyjazd, podróż
They went on a trip to the country for the carnival weekend.
 5.33 **experience** /ɪk'spiəriəns/ (n) = przeżycie
Travelling by air for the first time was an experience that Les will never forget.
Der.: experienced (adj) = doświadczony

- 5.34 **suppose** /sə'pəʊz/ (v) = przypuszczać, sądzić
I suppose Paul and Mary will have a great time on their holiday in Hawaii.
Der.: supposing (conj) = zakładając, że
- 5.35 **change my mind** (exp) = zmienić zdanie
- 5.36 **pack** /pæk/ (v) = pakować
Der.: package (n) = paczka (pocztowa), pakunek
packet (n) = paczka (np. ciastek), torebka
- 5.37 **cloudy** /'klaʊdi/ (adj) = pochmurny
Opp.: cloudless = bezchmurny
- 5.38 **forecast** /'fɔ:kə:st/ (n) = prognoza
The weather forecast said it would be cloudy.
- 5.39 **chilly** /'tʃili/ (adj) = chłodny
- 5.40 **jumper** /'dʒʌmpə/ (n) = sweter, sweterek
It was rather chilly in the evening, so the children put on their jumpers.

Vocabulary (pp. 48-49)

- 5.41 **menswear** /'menzweə/ (n) = ubrania męskie
- 5.42 **ladies' wear** /'leɪdiz weə/ (n) = ubrania damskie
- 5.43 **footwear** /'fʊtweə/ (n) = obuwie
- 5.44 **accessories** /ək'sesəriz/ (n pl) = dodatki
- 5.45 **straw hat** /'strɔ: hæʔ/ (n) = kapelusz słomkowy
- 5.46 **waistcoat** /'weɪskəʊt/ (n) = kamizelka
- 5.47 **striped** /straɪpt/ (adj) = w paski
- 5.48 **denim** /'denɪm/ (n) = materiał dżinsowy
- 5.49 **short-sleeved** /,ʃɔ:t 'sli:vɪd/ (adj) = z krótkimi rękawami
Opp.: long-sleeved = z długimi rękawami
- 5.50 **V-neck** /'vi: nek/ (n) = z wycięciem w szpic
- 5.51 **spotted** /'spɒtɪd/ (adj) = w kropki, nakrapiany, cętkowany
- 5.52 **baggy** /'bægi/ (adj) = luźny, workowaty
- 5.53 **cardigan** /'kɑ:dɪgən/ (n) = sweter rozpinany
- 5.54 **polo-neck** /'pəʊləʊ nek/ (n) = (sweter) golf
- 5.55 **high-heeled** /'haɪ hi:ld/ (adj) = z wysokimi obcasami
- 5.56 **plain** /pleɪn/ (adj) = gładki (bez wzoru)
Opp.: patterned = wzorzysty
- 5.57 **checked** /tʃekt/ (adj) = w kratkę
- 5.58 **leggings** /'legɪŋz/ (n pl) = legginsy

- 5.59 **size** /saɪz/ (n) = rozmiar
"What size shoe do you take?" asked the shop assistant.
- 5.60 **sunny** /'sʌni/ (adj) = słoneczny
Der.: sunshine (n) = słońce
- 5.61 **windy** /'wɪndi/ (adj) = wietrzny
It wasn't windy, so the children couldn't fly their kites.
- 5.62 **rainy** /'reɪni/ (adj) = deszczowy
As the weather was cloudy and rainy, they didn't go on a picnic.
- 5.63 **order form** /ɔ:də 'fɔ:m/ (n) = karta zamówienia

Grammar (pp. 49-50)

- 5.64 **run out of** /rʌn 'aʊt əv/ (phr v) = kończyć się, brakować
- 5.65 **on my way** (phr) = po drodze
On my way home, I bought some bread.
- 5.66 **cruise** /kru:z/ (n) = rejs, podróż statkiem
- 5.67 **animal rescue shelter** (phr) = schronisko dla zwierząt
- 5.68 **slip** /slɪp/ (v) = pośliznąć się
- 5.69 **banana skin** /bə'nɑ:nə skɪn/ (n) = skórka od banana
He didn't see the banana skin and slipped on it.
- 5.70 **ladder** /'lædə/ (n) = drabina
- 5.71 **lamp post** /'læmp pəʊst/ (n) = latarnia, słup latarni
They put the ladder against the lamp post to change the bulb.
- 5.72 **give sb a lift** (exp) = podwieźć kogoś (gdzieś)
As my car was in the garage for a service, my friend Bob gave me a lift to work.
- 5.73 **fence** /fens/ (n) = płot
- 5.74 **apply (for)** /ə'plai fə/ (v) = składać podanie (o)
Der.: application (n) = podanie
- 5.75 **prediction** /prɪ'dɪkʃn/ (n) = przewidywanie
- 5.76 **promise** /'prɒmɪs/ (n) = obietnica
Cathy always keeps the promises she makes.
- 5.77 **reach** /ri:tʃ/ (v) = arrive in/dotrzeć (do)
Opp.: set off, set out = wyruszyć

Listening and Reading (pp. 51-52)

- 5.78 **cybershop** /'saɪbəʃɒp/ (v) = dokonywać zakupów przez Internet
In the future, more and more people will cybershop and not go out to the market anymore.
- 5.79 **rubbish** /'rʌbɪʃ/ (U n) = śmieci
- 5.80 **mouse** /maʊs/ (n) = mysz (do komputera)
- 5.81 **brightly-coloured** /braɪtli 'kɒləd/ (adj) = jaskrawe
Clowns usually wear brightly-coloured clothes.
- 5.82 **credit card** /'kredɪt kɑ:d/ (n) = karta płatnicza/kredytowa
Credit cards will replace banknotes because they are safe and easy to use.
- 5.83 **breathing mask** /'brɪðɪŋ mɑ:sk/ (n) = maska do oddychania
Firefighters wear breathing masks to protect themselves from the fire.
- 5.84 **flashing light** (phr) = latarka
- 5.85 **platform** /'plætfɔ:m/ (n) = peron, platforma (platform shoes = buty na platformach)
- 5.86 **fashion** /'fæʃn/ (n) = moda
All over the world, teenagers like wearing clothes in fashion.
Der.: fashionable (adj) = modny
- 5.87 **microchip** /'maɪkrətʃɪp/ (n) = układ mikroelektroniczny
- 5.88 **protect** /prə'tekt/ (v) = (o)chronić
We wear sunglasses to protect our eyes from the strong sun.
Der.: protection (n) = ochrona
protective (adj) = ochronny
- 5.89 **website** /'websaɪt/ (n) = adres internetowy
- 5.90 **click** /kɪk/ (n) = kliknąć
- 5.91 **lower** /'ləʊə/ (adj) = niższy
Opp.: higher = wyższy
- 5.92 **price** /praɪs/ (n) = cena
The price of houses was much lower a few years ago.
Der.: priceless (adj) = bezcenny
- 5.93 **city centre** /sɪti 'sentə/ (n) = centrum (miasta)
- 5.94 **Internet** /'ɪntənət/ (n) = Internet (światowa sieć komputerowa)
- 5.95 **shop online** (phr) = dokonywać zakupów

- łącząc się ze sklepem przez komputer
- 5.96 **comfort** /'kɒmfət/ (n) = komfort, wygoda
Der.: comfortable (adj) = wygodny
- 5.97 **queue** /kju:/ (n) = kolejka (w sklepie)
In the near future, people will not have to wait in queues because they will be able to shop online.
- 5.98 **site** /saɪt/ (n) = website/adres internetowy
- 5.99 **planet** /'plænɪt/ (n) = planeta
We must protect our planet from pollution.
- 5.100 **air pollution** /'eə pəlu:ʃn/ (n) = zanieczyszczenie, zatrucie powietrza
- 5.101 **also** /'ɔ:lsəʊ/ (adv) = również, też
- 5.102 **furthermore** /'fɜ:ðə'mɔ: / (adv) = ponadto
- 5.103 **in addition** /ɪn ə'dɪʃn/ (adv) = w dodatku
- 5.104 **moreover** /mɔ:r'əʊvə/ (adv) = ponadto, poza tym
- 5.105 **lastly** /'lɑ:stli/ (adv) = na zakończenie

Communication (p. 52)

- 5.106 **outfit** /'aʊtfɪt/ (n) = strój, ubiór

Pronunciation (p. 52)

- 5.107 **whether** /'weðə/ (conj) = if/czy
- 5.108 **share** /ʃeə/ (v) = dzielić się (z kimś)

Writing (p. 53)

- 5.109 **bargain** /'bɑ:gɪn/ (n) = okazja, zakup dobrego towaru po znacznie obniżonej cenie
- 5.110 **top designer** /tɒp dɪ'zaɪnə/ (n) = renomowany projektant mody
The clothes by top designers are very expensive, so Jo prefers to look for bargains.
- 5.111 **What a pity!** (exp) = Jak szkoda!
- 5.112 **main** /meɪn/ (adj) = główny
- 5.113 **shopping area** /'ʃɒpɪŋ ,eəriə/ (n) = centrum handlowe (miasta)
The main shopping area in Edinburgh is around Princess Street.
- 5.114 **treat** /tri:t/ (n) = przyjemność fundowana
- 5.115 komuś w prezencie
dress up /dres 'ʌp/ (phr v) = wystroić się

- 5.116 **daytime** /'deɪtaɪm/ (n) = dzień, pora dnia
*My plans for the **daytime** include visiting many museums.*
Opp.: night-time = noc, pora nocna
- 5.117 **accommodation** /ə,kɒmə'deɪʃn/ (U n) = zakwaterowanie
- 5.118 **downtown** /,daʊn'taʊn/ (adj) = położony w centrum
*Accommodation in **downtown** Paris is very expensive and difficult to find.*
- 5.119 **occupy** /'ɒkjupaɪ/ (v) = zajmować (ileś miejsca)
- 5.120 **Der.:** occupation (n) = zamieszkanie
storey /'stɔ:ri/ (n) = floor/piętro
- 5.121 **square foot** /skweə 'fʊt/ (n) = (jednostka powierzchni) stopa kwadratowa (ok. 929 cm²)
- 5.122 **stock** /stɒk/ (v) = mieć na składzie, oferować do sprzedaży
- 5.123 **designer label** (phr) = znana firma (projektująca ubiory)
*In big department stores, you can find a variety of **designer labels** to choose from.*

VOCABULARY EXERCISES

1 Podkreśl właściwe słowo.

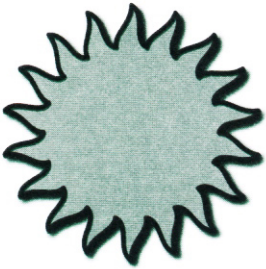
- They went on a **sightseeing/souvenir** tour around Eastern Europe last summer.
- The air **accommodation/pollution** in our city is getting worse.
- There's a lighthouse over there. Look! Can you see the flashing **light/mask**?
- Your **prediction/promise** about the weather was wrong; it's raining outside.
- I feel so foolish; I slipped on a banana **slip/skin** and broke my arm.
- The band have just completed their world **trip/tour**.

2 Zakończ prawidłową formę.

- 1 A: I'm going to be a famous singer.
B: **a** I see. I expect you'll make a lot of money.
b Oh, when are you leaving?
- 2 A: You haven't changed your mind have you?
B: **a** No, I won't.
b No way!
- 3 A: Try to call Anne again.
B: **a** There's no point. She's not at home.
b I'm not sure.

- 4 A: How long are you going to be away?
B: **a** I'm going on business.
b About a month.
- 5 A: Well, have a good trip then.
B: **a** Thanks, I will.
b It'll be a great experience, though.

3 Jaka jest pogoda?



1

2

3

4

4 Wpisz w luki słowo o znaczeniu przeciwnym do słowa podanego tłustym drukiem.

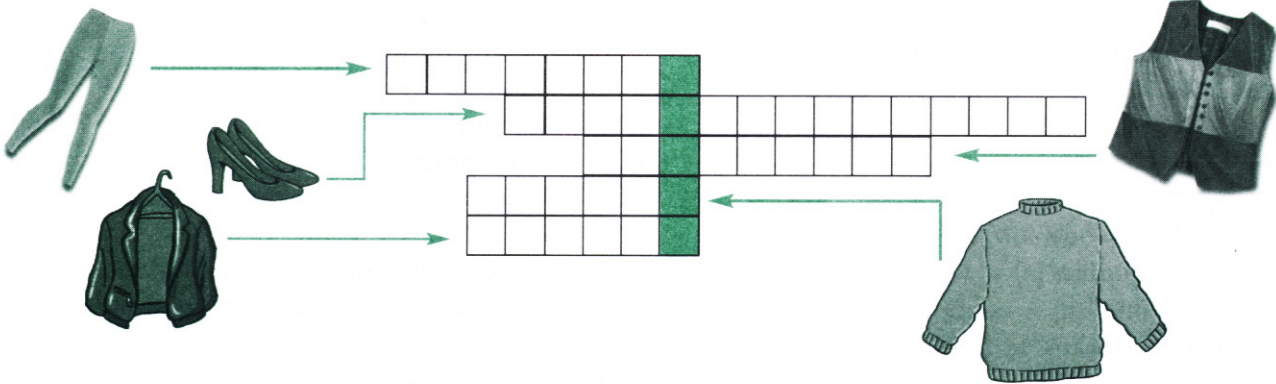
- 1 The weather forecast said we could expect a day on Sunday. **cloudy**
- 2 In this kind of weather it's best to wear a shirt. **long-sleeved**
- 3 Temperatures are than we expected. **lower**
- 4 I prefer clothes, especially T-shirts. **plain**
- 5 They offer interesting activities on this tour. **night-time**

5 Uzupełnij zdania wpisując słowa z listy.

- apply for
- look after
- grow up
- dress up
- run out of

- 1 Oh, no! we've petrol; we will have to walk home.
- 2 Let's and go into town!
- 3 They're looking for a secretary in this company. I think I will the job.
- 4 When I I'm going to sail around the world.
- 5 Can you Rex while we are away on holiday?

6 Przyjrzyj się obrazkom. Rozwiąż krzyżówkę i odgadnij hasło.



▶ GRAMMAR EXERCISES

7 Zaznacz właściwą formę.

- 1 I'm really tired; I think I to bed soon.
A will go B am going
C am going to go
- 2 I to Italy on Sunday the 16th.
A am flying B will fly
C am going to fly
- 3 When we arrive in New York, we you.
A are calling B will call
C are going to call
- 4 I promise I him anything.
A won't tell B am not telling
C am not going to tell
- 5 I'm sure dad very angry when he finds out about the broken window.
A is B will be
C going to be
- 6 Dave in Berlin when he finishes school.
A will study B is going to study
C is studying
- 7 The sky is full of clouds. It soon.
A is raining B will rain
C is going to rain
- 8 I've got a terrible headache. I think I an aspirin.
A am taking B will take
C am going to take
- 9 I've decided that I buy a sports car.
A will B going to
C am going to
- 10 It's chilly outside. I think I on a jumper.
A will put B am putting
C am going to put
- 11 "We've run out of coffee." "I know. I some at the corner shop."
A will buy B am buying
C am going to buy
- 12 In the year 2100, people to space for a holiday.
A will travel B are travelling
C are going to travel