## Glossary

account [N-COUNT-U3] An account is a sales relationship with a group or individual. tu: stały klient

**account manager** [N-COUNT-U15] An **account manager** is a person who manages sales and relations with certain important customers. opiekun klienta, doradca klienta

advertise [V-T-U2] To advertise a product is to bring it to the attention of the public. reklamować (produkt)

advertising agency [N-COUNT-U15] An advertising agency is a company that creates advertisements. agencja reklamowa

assist [V-T-U1] To assist a customer is to help them with something. pomagać (klientowi w czymś)

attention [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Attention is the act of noticing something. uwaga, zainteresowanie (czymś)

attract [V-T-U2] To attract attention is to get people interested in something. przyciągać (uwagę)

**B2B** [ADJ-U4] If a sale is **B2B**, it takes place between two businesses. (o sprzedaży) business to business (odbywająca się pomiędzy dwoma podmiotami gospodarczymi)

**B2C** [ADJ-U4] If a sale is **B2C**, it takes place between a business and a customer. (o sprzedaży) business to consumer (odbywająca się pomiędzy podmiotem gospodarczym a klientem)

**back-order** [V-T-U8] To **back-order** a product is to order it when it is not currently in stock. zamówić produkt, którego aktualnie nie ma na stanie

benefit [N-COUNT-U14] A benefit is an advantage or reward. korzyść

bottom out [V-I-U13] To bottom out is to reach the lowest value. osiągnąć najniższą wartość

bright [ADJ-U9] If something is bright, it is characterized by light, vivid color. jasny, jaskrawy

**bring in** [EXPRESSION-U3] To **bring in** sales is to find new customers and sell more products. zwiększyć sprzedaż poprzez przyciągnięcie nowych klientów

**business development manager** [N-COUNT-U15] A **business development manager** is a person who initiates and oversees growth opportunities for a company. menedżer ds. rozwoju biznesu

**buzz** [N-UNCOUNT-U2] **Buzz** is talk or speculation about a product or event. szum (wokół marki, produktu lub wydarzenia) **cash** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Cash** is paper or coin currency. gotówka

channel [N-COUNT-U5] A channel is the flow or movement of goods from production to consumption. kanał sprzedaży

**check** [N-COUNT-U11] A **check** is an official slip of paper that gives the payee permission to withdraw a written amount of money from the payer's bank account. czek (środek płatniczy)

client [N-COUNT-U1] A client is a person or group that uses the products or services of a company. klient

**cold call** [N-COUNT-U3] A **cold call** is a call that is made to a potential customer, where the potential customer is not expecting it. kontakt telefoniczny z potencjalnym klientem

color [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Color is the effect on the eye as a result of the way an object reflects light. kolor

commodity [N-COUNT-U5] A commodity is a good or service that can be sold. towar

communicate [V-I-U2] To communicate is to share information. przekazywać informację, komunikować się

communication [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Communication is the act of exchanging ideas. komunikacja

**confusion** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Confusion** is a lack of understanding, usually in a chaotic or uncertain situation. zamieszanie, zamęt

connect [V-I-U1] To connect is to establish communications with someone. nawiązywać kontakt (z kimś)

consignment [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Consignment is the act of entrusting goods to someone else, who sells them to the customer. Until a sale is made, the goods can still be claimed by the original owner. konsygnacja (umowa określająca zasady przyjęcia do sprzedaży towarów, które pozostają własnością dostawcy)

**consultative** [ADJ-U4] If sales are **consultative**, they occur after a consultation with the customer, where the salesperson determines the customer's needs, and then recommends a product. (o sprzedaży) konsultacyjna

**consumer-oriented** [EXPRESSION-U6] If a marketing mix is **consumer-oriented**, it is geared towards the consumer's needs and wants. (o kompozycji marketingowej) oparta na potrzebach klienta

**contrast** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Contrast** is the degree of difference between two things. kontrast (różnica pomiędzy dwiema rzeczami)

convenience [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Convenience is the quality of being easy to access and use. wygoda, dogodność

cost [N-COUNT-U10] Cost is the amount of money required to manufacture a product. koszt wytworzenia towaru

cover [V-T-U12] To cover a cost is to make up for it. pokryć (koszt)

creative [ADJ-U15] If something is creative, it is original and imaginative. kreatywny

credit [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Credit is a form of payment in which a customer obtains goods or services based on a guarantee that he or she will make a payment in the future, usually using a card issued by a bank. kredyt (forma odroczonej płatności)

customer [N-COUNT-U1] A customer is a person or group that purchases products from a company. klient

dark [ADJ-U9] If something is dark, it is characterized by having little or no light. ciemny

**debit** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Debit** is a form of payment in which a customer uses a card linked to a bank account. **debet** (forma płatności)

decline [V-I-U13] To decline is to fall in value. (o wartości) spaść, zmaleć

decrease [N-COUNT-U13] A decrease is a drop in number. spadek (liczby)

detail [N-COUNT-U9] Detail is the level of clarity and intricacy of an image. szczegół, detal

develop [V-T-U14] To develop something is to cause it to become more advanced. rozwijać, udoskonalać (np. produkt)

dimensions [N-COUNT-U8] The dimensions of a product are the measurements of its size. wymiary (produktu)

**d)irect materials** [N-COUNT-U12] **Direct materials** are raw materials used in the production of goods. materially bezpośrednie

**direct sales** [N-COUNT-U4] **Direct sales** are sales that occur as a result of a presentation or demonstration at the customer's location. sprzedaż bezpośrednia

**distribution** [N-COUNT-U10] **Distribution** is the act of supplying goods to other stores so that they can sell them to customers. dystrybucja (dostarczanie towarów do sklepów)

**distribution center** [N-COUNT-U10] A **distribution center** is a place from which goods are shipped across the world. centrum dystrybucji, baza hurtowa

**door-to-door** [EXPRESSION-U4] If sales are **door-to-door**, they occur as a result of knocking on potential customers' doors and making a sales pitch. sprzedaż obnośna (tzw. od drzwi do drzwi)

**down payment** [N-COUNT-U11] A **down payment** is a sum of money used toward the total purchase price in order to secure financing. zadatek, zaliczka

**durability** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Durability** is the quality of withstanding abuse or harsh treatment. trwałość, wytrzymałość **ease** [V-T-U14] To **ease** something is to lessen its negative effects. złagodzić (negatywne skutki)

economic [ADJ-U6] If a factor is economic, it is related to the market for goods and services. (o czynniku) ekonomiczny

education [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Education is the process of learning, or acquiring knowledge. edukacja

eliminate [V-T-U14] To eliminate something is to remove it completely. eliminować, likwidować (coś)

**existing** [ADJ-U3] If an account is **existing**, it is not a new account, but rather one that the company already has. (o kliencie) stały, dotychczasowy

expand [V-T-U9] To expand something is to make it larger. zwiększać, powiększać

expense [N-COUNT-U12] An expense is the cost required for something. wydatek

external factors [N-COUNT-U6] External factors are outside influences. czynniki zewnętrzne

**farmer** [N-COUNT-U3] A **farmer** is a salesperson who builds relationships within existing accounts. farmer (typ handlowca, który buduje relacje z dotychczasowymi klientami)

feature [V-T-U7] To feature something is to display it prominently. przedstawiać, prezentować (coś)

**financing** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Financing** is the act or process of arranging or providing a loan. finansowanie (zaciąganie lub udzielanie pożyczki)

## **Glossary**

fixed costs [N-COUNT-U12] Fixed costs are costs that remain the same no matter the output. koszty stałe

fluctuate [V-I-U13] To fluctuate is to shift in value. (o wartości) wahać się, zmieniać się

**four Ps** [EXPRESSION-U6] The **four Ps** are a producer-oriented marketing mix model. It includes product, price, promotion, and place. model 4P (koncepcja kompozycji marketingowej, która zawiera takie elementy jak: produkt, cena, promocja i dystrybucja)

**generate** [V-T-U2] To **generate** something is to create it. For example, advertising generates interest in a product. generować, wywoływać (np. zainteresowanie produktem)

grow [V-I-U13] To grow is to increase gradually over time. rosnąć, wzrastać

hawking [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Hawking is selling goods in a public place, such as a street. handlowanie na ulicy

**hunter** [N-COUNT-U3] A **hunter** is a salesperson who looks for new sales opportunities. hunter (typ handlowca, który poszukuje nowych możliwości sprzedaży)

improve [V-T-U14] To improve something is to make it better. ulepszyć (coś)

**in person** [EXPRESSION-U4] If a sale is **in person**, it occurs when the salesperson meets with the customer to make the sale. (o sprzedaży) osobista (gdy sprzedawca spotyka się z klientem)

**in stock** [EXPRESSION-U8] If a product is **in stock**, it is on hand and available for sale. (o produkcie) na stanie, w sprzedaży **increase** [N-COUNT-U13] An **increase** is a rise in number. zwiększenie, wzrost (liczby)

**inside sales** [N-COUNT-U3] **Inside sales** are sales that occur at a fixed business location, where the customer comes to the salesperson. sprzedaż wewnętrzna (odbywa się w siedzibie firmy, do której przychodzi klient)

interest [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Interest is money paid regularly for delaying payment or repaying debt. odsetki

labor [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Labor is the work required to create something. robocizna, praca

large [ADJ-U8] If an object is large, it is big, and takes up a significant amount of space. (o przedmiocie) wielkogabarytowy

**layaway** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Layaway** is the act of paying a deposit for a product in order to secure it for purchase later. przedpłata, depozyt

make [N-COUNT-U7] The make is the manufacturer's name for a particular product. marka

manufacturer [N-COUNT-U10] A manufacturer is a business that makes products on a large scale. producent, wytwórca

mark up [V-T-U12] To mark up a product is to price it higher than cost. podwyższyć cenę, ustalić narzut (nadwyżkę ceny ponad koszt produkcji)

marketing [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Marketing is the process of promoting and advertising products. marketing

marketing mix [N-COUNT-U5] A marketing mix is the elements in a marketing plan. kompozycja marketingowa

**media buyer** [N-COUNT-U15] A **media buyer** is a person who buys advertising space in print or other media. osoba zajmująca się zakupem miejsca na reklamę lub czasu antenowego

model [N-COUNT-U5] A model is a representation of a concept or theory. model (przedstawienie koncepcji lub teorii)

model [N-COUNT-U7] The model is the specific design or style of an item. model (konkretny wzór lub styl danej rzeczy)

modern [ADJ-U7] If a product is modern, it is current, rather than outdated. nowoczesny

needs [N-COUNT-U6] Needs are the things that a person or group requires. potrzeby

**on the road** [EXPRESSION-U3] If a salesperson is **on the road**, he or she is traveling to different geographic locations. (o sprzedawcy) w drodze, w trasie

**out-of-stock** [EXPRESSION-U8] If an item is **out-of-stock**, it is not in storage, and is not available for sale. (o produkcie) wyprzedany, niedostępny w magazynie

outdated [ADJ-U7] If a product is outdated, it is old-fashioned. (o produkcie) niemodny, przestarzały

outside sales [N-UNCOUNT-U3] Outside sales are sales that occur outside of a fixed business location, where the salesperson travels to his or her customers. sprzedaż zewnętrzna (odbywa się poza siedzibą firmy, gdy sprzedawca przyjeżdża do klienta)

overhead [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Overhead is the cost of maintaining a plant, office, or factory. koszty ogólne, koszty pośrednie (np. za utrzymanie biura) oversized [ADJ-U8] If an object is oversized, it is larger than what's normal. (o przedmiocie) ponadwymiarowy packaging [N-UNCOUNT-U8] Packaging is the box or outer wrapping around a product. opakowanie pay [V-I-U11] To pay is to give money in exchange for something. płacić (za towar lub usługe) payment plan [N-COUNT-U11] A payment plan is an arrangement in which a customer pays a certain amount of money over time in installments. plan spłaty peak [V-I-U13] To peak is to reach the highest value. (np. o wartości) osiągać poziom szczytowy place [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Place is the location of a product, where the customer can access it. miejsce dystrybucji price [N-COUNT-U5] The price is the amount of money a customer pays for a product. cena price matching [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Price matching is the act of matching a competitor's low price in order to retain a customer. dopasowanie się do niskich cen konkurencji w celu utrzymania klienta pricing [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Pricing is the act of deciding the amount of money a product or service should cost. wycena, ustalanie cen pricing policy [N-COUNT-U10] A pricing policy is the strategy by which a company determines wholesale and retail pricing. polityka cenowa producer-oriented [EXPRESSION-U6] If a marketing mix is producer-oriented, it is geared towards the producer's needs and wants. (o kompozycji marketingowej) nastawiona na potrzeby producenta product [N-COUNT-U1] A product is an object or service a company offers for sale. produkt (wyrób lub usługa sprzedawana przez firmę) profit [N-UNCOUNT-U12] A profit is money earned less the cost. zysk promote [V-T-U2] To promote a product is bring it to the attention of potential customers. promować (produkt) promotion [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Promotion is the act of marketing a product. promowanie, promocja (produktu) provide [V-T-U1] To provide something is to supply it for someone. dostarczać (komuś coś), zaopatrywać (kogoś w coś) public relations [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Public relations is the practice of maintaining a relationship between a company and the general public. stosunki między przedsiębiorstwem a ogółem społeczeństwa publicize [V-T-U2] To publicize something is to advertise it and make it known to the public. reklamować, upowszechniać (coś) quality [N-COUNT-U7] A quality is a characteristic of an item. tu: cecha (produktu) reach [V-T-U2] To reach potential customers is to notify them about a product or service. kontaktować się (z potencjalnymi klientami w celu przedstawienia produktu lub usługi) recommend [V-T-U1] To recommend a product is to advise someone to purchase it. rekomendować, polecać (produkt) recoup [V-T-U12] To recoup something is to regain it. odzyskać (coś) reduce [V-T-U9] To reduce something is to make it smaller. zredukować, zmniejszyć (coś) release [V-T-U7] To release a product is to make it available for purchase. wprowadzić produkt na rynek repair [V-T-U7] To repair something is to fix it. naprawiać, reperować (coś) researcher [N-COUNT-U15] A researcher is someone who collects and analyzes data. analityk danych retail [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Retail is the selling of goods or services. sprzedaż detaliczna retailer [N-COUNT-U10] A retailer is a business that sells products to customers. sprzedawca detaliczny rounded [ADJ-U9] If something is rounded, it has soft, curved edges. zaokrąglony sales [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Sales is the selling of products or services. sprzedaż (produktów lub usług) salesperson [N-COUNT-U15] A salesperson is a person who sells a product or service. sprzedawca

security [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Security is protection from harm. ochrona, bezpieczeństwo

## **Glossary**

select [V-T-U1] To select something is to choose it. wybierać (coś) sell [V-T-U1] To sell a product is to get a customer to purchase it. sprzedawać (produkt) seven Cs [EXPRESSION-U6] The seven Cs are a consumer-oriented marketing mix model. model 7C (model działań marketingowych opartych na potrzebach klienta) **sharp** [ADJ-U9] If something is **sharp**, it is harsh and intense. ostry ship [V-T-U7] To ship an item is to deliver it to a specific location. wysłać, dostarczyć (towar) shipping [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Shipping is the act of sending products via truck, cargo ship, plane, or other transportation vehicle. wysyłka shrink [V-T-U13] To shrink something is to decrease it in size, scope, or amount. zmniejszyć (rozmiar, zakres, ilość czegoś) size [N-COUNT-U8] Size is how big or small an object is. rozmiar small [ADJ-U8] If an object is small, it is little, and doesn't take up much space. maly, niewielki state-of-the-art [ADJ-U14] If something is state-of-the-art, it is characterized by new and advanced technology. najnowocześniejszy steady [ADJ-U13] If something is steady, it maintains a constant value. stały, regularny straight [ADJ-U9] If something is straight, it has linear or angled edges. prosty stress [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Stress is a state of pressure or anxiety. stres, napiecie target [V-T-U3] To target sales opportunities is to identify prospects that will most likely lead to a sale. określać nowe perspektywy sprzedażowe telemarketing [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Telemarketing is the practice of calling potential customers by telephone with the intention of selling a product or service, telemarketing travel [V-I-U3] To travel is to move to different geographic locations. podróżować upgrade [V-T-U14] To upgrade something is to bring something to a better or higher standard. ulepszać (coś) variable costs [N-COUNT-U12] Variable costs are costs that change based on the level of output. koszty zmienne version [N-COUNT-U7] A version is a specific adaptation of a product, wersja (produktu)

wholesale [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Wholesale is the practice of selling goods in large quantities. sprzedaż hurtowa

wants [N-COUNT-U6] Wants are the things that a person or group desires. potrzeby warehouse [N-COUNT-U8] A warehouse is a storage area for goods. magazyn, skład

38