Glossary

abbreviation [N-COUNT-U5] An abbreviation is a shortened version of a word. skrót

abuse [V-T-U3] To abuse someone is to treat them cruelly, either by saying hurtful things to them or by being physically violent or neglectful. znęcać się (nad kimś) słownie lub fizycznie

activity [N-COUNT-U2] An activity is an action that a person performs. czynność, działanie

acute [ADJ-U8] If a condition is acute, it appears suddenly and often with great intensity. (o dolegliwości) ostra, pojawiająca się nagle

adhere to [V-T-U5] To adhere to a plan is to follow the plan. stosować się, trzymać się (np. planu)

advance [N-COUNT-U15] An advance in technology is a new development. tu: postęp technologiczny

advance directive [N-COUNT-U1] An advance directive is a legal document in which a person indicates their wishes for medical care and end-of-life care should such a situation occur. wyrażenie zgody lub zakaz podtrzymywania życia w razie ciężkiej choroby lub wypadku

ailment [N-COUNT-U7] An ailment is an illness or a disorder. choroba, schorzenie

alert [V-T-U10] To alert someone is to send the person a notification of an incident. powiadamiać (kogoś o czymś)

- Alzheimer's [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Alzheimer's is a brain disease that causes a person to lose memory and the ability to think clearly. choroba Alzheimera
- ambulance [N-COUNT-U8] An ambulance is an emergency vehicle that transports individuals to a hospital or medical treatment facility in emergency situations. ambulans, karetka pogotowia
- antibiotic resistance [PHRASE-U12] Antibiotic resistance occurs when a medicine that prevents the growth of bacteria (antibiotic) can no longer kill the bacterial growth. As a result the bacteria "resist" or survive and multiply. odporność na antybiotyki
- antimicrobial [ADJ-U12] If something is antimicrobial, it kills or prevents the growth of microorganisms such as bacteria and fungus. antybakteryjny

anxiety [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Anxiety is a feeling of nervousness and worry. lęk, niepokój

apathy [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Apathy is an emotional state in which a person feels indifferent towards life. apatia, obojętność

- arthritis [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Arthritis is a condition characterized by inflammation of a joint, which causes pain and can limit mobility. artretyzm, zapalenie stawów
- assessment [N-COUNT-U5] An assessment is the formation of an opinion or judgment about something. ocena

at risk [PHRASE-U5] If a person is at risk, they are in danger of something. (o kimś) zagrożony

- **bacterium** [N-COUNT-U12] A **bacterium** is any of a great number of single-celled microorganisms that inhabit all areas of the earth, including human bodies. Many types of bacteria are responsible for human ailments and diseases. bakteria
- bed alarm [N-COUNT-U10] A bed alarm is an alarm that provides an alert when an individual gets out of bed. urządzenie, które informuje o opuszczeniu łóżka przez pacjenta

bedsore [N-COUNT-U3] A bedsore is a skin infection caused by lying immobile in bed for long periods of time. odleżyna

bedwetting alarm [N-COUNT-U10] A bedwetting alarm is a device that provides an alert when an individual urinates in bed. urządzenie, które informuje o zmoczeniu się pacjenta

belittle [V-T-U3] To belittle someone is to treat the person as if he or she is unimportant. umniejszać, nie doceniać kogoś

binder [N-COUNT-U2] A binder is a cover with metal rings or other plastic material inside that are used to hold loose papers together. segregator

- biohazard [N-COUNT-U12] A biohazard is a biological substance that is potentially harmful to humans. Biohazards can include bacteria, viruses, and biologically derived toxins. substancja pochodzenia naturalnego, która zagraża zdrowiu człowieka
- BioMEMs [N-COUNT-U11] BioMEMs are devices that combine MEMs and biosensors to take measurements, internally dispense medical substances, and perform other tasks. technologia biomems (urządzenia łączące mikroukłady elektromechaniczne i czujniki biologiczne, stworzone do dokonywania pomiarów, wewnętrznego dozowania substancji medycznych itp.)
- biosensor [N-COUNT-U11] A biosensor is a device that uses a biological element, such as a protein cell or tissue sample, to take specific biological measurements. czujnik biologiczny

break [N-COUNT-U14] A break is a brief pause or rest. krótka przerwa, odpoczynek

burial [N-UNCOUNT-U13] A burial is the act of placing the remains of a deceased person in the ground. pochówek, ceremonia pogrzebowa

burn out [PHRASAL V-U14] To burn out is to feel physically or emotionally exhausted by a challenging job or set of circumstances. wypalić się (np. zawodowo)

camera [N-COUNT-U10] A camera is a device that takes pictures or records events. aparat fotograficzny, kamera

cancer [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Cancer is a serious disease in which cells in one or more parts of the body begin to grow in an uncontrolled and abnormal way. nowotwór złośliwy, rak

casket [N-COUNT-U13] A casket is a box in which the body of a deceased person is placed for burial. trumna

- cataract [N-COUNT-U7] A cataract is a medical condition in which the lens of the eye becomes white, causing a person to slowly lose the ability to see. zaćma
- cemetery [N-COUNT-U13] A cemetery is a location in which deceased persons are buried. cmentarz

ceremony [N-COUNT-U13] A ceremony is any ritual or formal act that is associated with a culture's practices. ceremonia, uroczystość

challenge [N-COUNT-U14] A challenge is a situation that presents difficulties or obstacles requiring effort, endurance and relevant abilities. wyzwanie

chronic [ADJ-U7] A chronic condition is one that develops slowly and lasts a long time. (o stanie) chroniczny, przewlekły

- chronological order [PHRASE-U5] If events in a list are in chronological order, they are listed in the order in which they occurred, from earliest to latest. kolejność chronologiczna
- client journal [N-COUNT-U2] A client journal is a record that is updated after each shift to keep staff updated on a client. dokument, aktualizowany przez personel po każdej zmianie, zawierający aktualne informacje o stanie zdrowia pacjenta
- cognitive [ADJ-U9] If something is cognitive, it is related to mental processes. kognitywny (związany z procesami myślowymi)
- cold [N-COUNT-U8] A cold is a common infection that causes mild to moderate symptoms, such as a sore throat or a cough. przeziębienie

comprehensive [ADJ-U5] If something is comprehensive, it is thorough or complete. kompleksowy, wyczerpujący

concise [ADJ-U5] If something is concise, it communicates an idea clearly without unnecessary or confusing language. zwięzły

condescending [ADJ-U3] Condescending means treating other people as inferior or insignificant. protekcjonalny

confusion [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Confusion is the mental state of being unable to think clearly or logically. dezorientacja, zaklopotanie, konfuzja

cope with [V-T-U14] To cope with a difficult problem, situation, or task is to deal with it. radzić sobie (np. z trudną sytuacją)

cremation [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Cremation is the practice of burning the body of a deceased person so that only ashes remain. kremacja, spalenie zwłok

cultural differences [PHRASE-U4] Cultural differences are different ways of doing or thinking about something in different societies. różnice kulturowe

daily [ADJ-U2] If an event is daily, it occurs every day, or on a 24-hour period. codzienny, dzienny

debilitating [ADJ-U9] If a disease is debilitating, it greatly weakens a person, making them unable to lead a normal life. o chorobie (wyniszczająca, osłabiająca)

decline [N-UNCOUNT-U6] A decline is a gradual decrease in something. zanik, spadek

demand [N-COUNT-U15] A demand is a need or desire for something. zapotrzebowanie, popyt

dementia [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Dementia is a deterioration of a person's cognitive abilities due to brain cell degeneration. otępienie, demencja (spadek sprawności intelektualnej)

depression [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Depression is a clinical condition characterized by feelings of sadness and hopelessness. depresja

despair [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Despair is an extreme feeling of hopelessness. rozpacz, utrata nadziei

- diabetes [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Diabetes is a serious illness characterized by the inability to make or utilize insulin. As a result, the body cannot control the levels of sugar in the bloodstream. cukrzyca
- disinfectant [N-COUNT-U12] A disinfectant is a cleaning product used to clean surfaces by killing bacteria and other microorganisms. środek dezynfekujący
- disoriented [ADJ-U9] If a person is disoriented, he or she is confused or not fully aware of what is going on. zdezorientowany
- disrespectful [ADJ-U3] If an action is disrespectful, it shows a lack of courtesy. niegrzeczny, obraźliwy
- DNR order [N-COUNT-U1] A DNR order ("do not resuscitate" order), is a legal order that indicates that the person does not wish that healthcare personnel perform CPR (cardiopulmonary resuscitation) in order to resuscitate them. nie resuscytować (polecenie mówiące o tym, że dana osoba nie życzy sobie resuscytacji w przypadku zatrzymania akcji serca)

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document [V-T-U5] To document something is to make a record or note of it. dokumentować

door alarm [N-COUNT-U10] A door alarm is a device that provides an alert when a door is opened. czujnik, alarm otwarcia drzwi

droop [V-I-U8] To droop is to hang downward or sag. opadać, zwisać

- ECG [N-COUNT-U11] An ECG (electrocardiogram) is a test that measures the electrical activity of the heart using electrodes attached to the skin. EKG (elektrokardiografia)
- **EEG** [N-COUNT-U11] An **EEG** (electroencephalogram) is a measurement of the brain's electrical activity using electrodes attached to the scalp. EEG (elektroencefalografia)

effect [N-COUNT-U6] An effect is the result or consequence of something. efekt, skutek

elderspeak [N-UNCOUNT-U3] Elderspeak is the use of overly simplified language when speaking to an elderly person, with the assumption that the person is unable to understand normal speech. sposób komunikacji z osobami starszymi przy użyciu uproszczonego języka

empathy [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Empathy is the ability to share and relate to someone else's feelings or experiences. empatia, glebokie zrozumienie

- emphysema [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Emphysema is a respiratory condition caused by damage to the lungs, and which results in difficulty in breathing and increases the likelihood of infections. rozedma pluc
- entry [N-COUNT-U2] An entry is an update in a client journal that provides a description of a particular shift or event. tu: wpis (dokonywany w dzienniku pacjenta po jakimś zdarzeniu lub na koniec zmiany personelu)
- estate planning [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Estate planning is the act of making arrangements for the disposal or distribution of one's personal property after death. planowanie spadkowe
- eulogy [N-COUNT-U13] A eulogy is a speech often given by a family member or close friend that remembers a person who has died. mowa pogrzebowa

event [N-COUNT-U2] An event is a particular incident that takes place. zdarzenie, wydarzenie

- exhaustion [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Exhaustion is the feeling of being extremely tired. zmęczenie, wyczerpanie
- expand [V-I-U15] To expand is to increase in size or scope. zwiększać się (pod względem wielkości lub zakresu)
- eyesight [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Eyesight is a person's ability to see, or perceive things visually. wzrok, widzenie
- face mask [N-COUNT-U12] A face mask is a covering of cloth or other material over the face worn to prevent the transmission of microorganisms by way of the nose and mouth. maseczka ochronna

fever [N-COUNT-U8] A fever is the condition of having an abnormally high body temperature due to a viral infection or other illness. goraczka

- financial document [N-COUNT-U1] A financial document is a document which is related to a person's money or the value of a person's property. dokument finansowy
- flu [N-UNCOUNT-U8] Flu is an infection of the respiratory system that causes high fever and can progress into a more serious or life-threatening condition in some individuals. grypa

frustration [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Frustration is a sense of dissatisfaction or a feeling of nonfulfillment. frustracja

funeral [N-COUNT-U13] A funeral is a ceremony that commemorates a person who has died and is associated with their cremation or burial. pogrzeb

get attached to [PHRASE-U14] To get attached to someone is to grow to care deeply for them. przywiązać się (do kogoś)

get lost [PHRASE-U10] To get lost is to not know how to get back to a familiar location. zgubić się

glaucoma [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Glaucoma is a disease characterized by high pressure in the eye, and which can cause partial or full blindness. jaskra

- glucose monitor [N-COUNT-U11] A glucose monitor is a device used to test the concentration of glucose in the blood. glukometr
- **GPS** [ABREV-U10] **GPS** (Global Positioning System) is a device that provides location coordinates and aids in tracking or navigation. GPS (globalny system określania położenia)
- grief [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Grief is a feeling of deep sorrow that a person may experience after a death of a family member of friend. rozpacz, smutek growth [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Growth is the process of increasing in size. wzrost, rośnięcie
- handwashing [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Handwashing is the action of cleaning the hands with soap and water in order to prevent the spread of infection. mycie rąk

harm [V-T-U3] To harm someone is to hurt or damage him or her. wyrządzać komuś krzywdę

- health literacy [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Health literacy is the ability to understand and make decisions about health-related information. rozumienie informacji odnoszących się do zdrowia oraz umiejętność podejmowania decyzji prozdrowotnych
- hearing loss [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Hearing loss is a condition in which a person loses all or part of their ability to hear, or sense sounds. utrata sluchu

heart attack [N-COUNT-U8] A heart attack is a blockage of blood flow to part of the heart. zawał serca

heart disease [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Heart disease is a term for a group of illnesses that affect the heart. choroba serca

highlight [V-T-U5] To highlight something is to emphasize it. podkreślać, uwydatniać

hypertension [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Hypertension is the condition of having abnormally high blood pressure. nadciśnienie tętnicze

impairment [N-COUNT-U9] An impairment is a disability, or a problem with the functioning of a person's mind or body. upośledzenie, utrudnienie

- incapacitated [ADJ-U1] If a person is incapacitated, he or she lacks the physical or mental ability to perform an act. niezdolny do wykonania jakiejś czynności
- infection [N-COUNT-U8] An infection is the abnormal manifestation of parasitic microorganisms within an area of the body. infekcja

insomnia [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Insomnia is the inability to fall asleep or remain asleep for the needed amount of time. bezsenność

jargon [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Jargon is vocabulary used by professionals in a particular field that is difficult for other people to understand. żargon

lab-on-a-chip [N-COUNT-U11] (plural: labs on a chip/labs on chips) A **lab-on-a-chip** is a device that analyzes very small quantities of fluid samples for medical purposes using microfluidics technologies. laboratorium chipowe (miniaturowe urządzenie analityczne stosowane do celów medycznych)

lawyer [N-COUNT-U1] A lawyer is a person who provides legal assistance to clients, or represents clients in the legal system. prawnik

legal [ADJ-U1] If a matter is legal, it is associated with the law. prawny, sądowy

legibly [ADV-U5] If something is written legibly, it is easy to read. czytelnie

lifespan [N-COUNT-U15] A lifespan is the amount of time a person lives. czas trwania życia

- medical bracelet [N-COUNT-U10] A medical bracelet is a device that is worn around the wrist and provides important medical information about the individual. It is also equipped with GPS to enable people to find the individual's bearings, should he get lost. rodzaj urządzenia w formie bransoletki, które zawiera informacje o stanie zdrowia i lokalizacji osoby noszącej ją
- medical intervention [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Medical intervention is any act or effort performed by medical personnel that attempts to treat a disease, injury, or condition. intervencja medyczna

memory loss [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Memory loss is a decrease in the ability to recall information or remember past events. utrata pamięci

MEMs [N-COUNT-U11] MEMs (microelectromechanical systems) are miniature devices that contain both electrical and mechanical components. MEMs (mikroukłady elektromechaniczne)

mental [ADJ-U9] If something is mental, it is related to the mind and how it functions. umysłowy, psychiczny

mental state [PHRASE-U6] A mental state is the condition of a person's emotional well-being. stan psychiczny

microfluidics [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Microfluidics is the technology and science of moving very small amounts of fluids through miniature tubes or channels. mikroprzepływy

miscommunication [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Miscommunication is people's failure to communicate clearly or effectively. nieprawidłowa komunikacja

monitor [V-T-U10] To monitor someone is to watch them carefully. monitorować, obserwować kogoś

mood [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Mood is how a person is currently feeling emotionally. nastrój, humor

- mourn [V-T-U14] To mourn a deceased family member or friend is to feel geat sorrow about that individual. opłakiwać zmarłego, obchodzić żałobę
- move on [PHRASAL V-U14] To move on is to put events or circumstances behind you and become involved in something new. iść do przodu (np. po śmierci bliskiej osoby)
- **neglect** [V-T-U3] To **neglect** someone is to not provide him or her with the proper or necessary care. zaniedbywać kogoś (poprzez nieudzielanie koniecznej lub właściwej opieki)
- **negligence** [N-UNCOUNT-U3] **Negligence** is the lack of responsibility to properly care for an individual. tu: zaniedbanie w opiece nad kimś **nonverbal** [ADJ-U4] If communication is **nonverbal**, it occurs without the use of spoken language. pozawerbalny

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- **nosocomial infection** [PHRASE-U12] A **nosocomial infection** is a contamination of an individual with bacteria or a virus acquired in a clinical setting (hospital, nursing home, etc.). zakażenie szpitalne
- note [V-T-U2] To note something is to make a brief written record of it. zanotować, zapisać
- notebook [N-COUNT-U2] A notebook is a book with blank pages bound together, which is used for writing information and notes. zeszyt, notatnik, notes
- notify [V-T-U10] To notify someone is to alert them of an event. zawiadomić, powiadomić
- numb [ADJ-U8] If a body part is numb, the person cannot feel anything in that body part. (o części ciała) zdrętwiały, sparaliżowany
- observation [N-COUNT-U2] An observation is something that a person notices or observes when watching an activity or event. obserwacja
- open-ended questions [N-COUNT-U4] Open-ended questions are questions that require an answer longer than a one-word response. pytania otwarte
- osteoporosis [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Osteoporosis is a chronic condition in which bone slowly weakens and becomes prone to breaking. osteoporoza outlook [N-COUNT-U15] An outlook is an expectation or view of the future. perspektywa, widoki na przyszłość
- oximeter [N-COUNT-U11] An oximeter is a device used to measure pulse and the concentration of oxygen in the blood. oksymetr (przyrząd do pomiaru pulsu i zawartości tlenu we krwi)
- oxygen saturation [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Oxygen saturation is the amount of oxygen carried by the blood. saturacja (stopień wysycenie krwi tlenem)
- pall bearer [N-COUNT-U13] A pall bearer is a person that helps carry a coffin at a funeral. żałobnik niosący trumnę
- Parkinson's [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Parkinson's is a disorder of the central nervous system that is caused by cell degeneration and causes tremors and poor muscle coordination. choroba Parkinsona
- pessimistic [ADJ-U6] If a person is pessimistic, he or she has a negative view of their current situation and their future. pesymistyczny
- physical abuse [PHRASE-U3] Physical abuse is to cause a person physical pain or bodily harm. znęcanie się fizyczne
- place [V-T-U14] To place an individual is to determine a good setting or home for him/her. tu: umieścić, ulokować kogoś gdzieś
- plan of care [N-COUNT-U5] A plan of care is an outline of how a patient will be treated. plan opieki
- plot [N-COUNT-U13] A plot is a designated location in which a deceased person is buried in a cemetery. wydzielony teren na cmentarzu do chowania zmarłych, kwatera
- pneumonia [N-UNCOUNT-U8] Pneumonia is an acute condition in which the lungs become inflamed and filled with fluid. zapalenie pluc
- point-of-care testing device [N-COUNT-U11] A point-of-care testing device is a testing device that can be used for simple medical tests outside of a medical facility to help determine necessary care. przyrząd diagnostyczny, który może być użyty do przeprowadzenia badania poza placówką medyczną
- population [N-COUNT-U15] A population is a group of people who live in a particular place or share certain characteristics. populacja
- power of attorney [N-COUNT-U1] A power of attorney is a document that authorizes another person to act on another's behalf in regards to personal, business, or legal matters. pehomocnictwo pisemne
- preconception [N-COUNT-U4] A preconception is an assumption that someone has about something before knowing much about it. uprzedzenie, z góry wyrobiona opinia
- prepay [V-I-U13] To prepay is to pay for a service or product before it is used or needed. opłacać z góry
- quarantine [V-T-U12] To quarantine a person is to isolate him or her from contact with others in order to prevent the transmission of biohazards. kwarantanna
- **rapport** [N-COUNT-U4] A **rapport** is a feeling of understanding and a connection between two people that helps them communicate well. porozumienie, dobre relacje
- reading [N-COUNT-U13] A reading is a passage that is read out loud at a person's funeral, or a similar ceremony. tu: fragment tekstu, np. Biblii odczytywany na pogrzebie
- record [V-T-U2] To record something is to make a written note of it. zapisać, odnotować
- rely on [PHRASAL V-U15] To rely on something is to depend on it. polegać na czymś
- remains [N-PLURAL-U13] Remains are the body or ashes of a dead person. szczątki, zwłoki

report [V-T-U3] To report something is to bring the matter to a higher authority. tu: zgłosić coś wyższej władzy
role [N-COUNT-U15] A role is the set of responsibilities or behavioral pattern a person assumes. rola (pełnienie obowiązków, np. opiekunki)
slur [V-T-U8] To slur one's speech is to not pronounce each word distinctly when speaking. mówić niewyraźnie, połykać słowa
spectrophotometer [N-COUNT-U11] A spectrophotometer is a device that measures light intensity, often after that light has been transmitted through biological material. spektrofotometr (przyrząd służący do pomiaru transmisji lub odbicia światła)

status [N-COUNT-U5] A status is the current state or condition of someone or something. stan, kondycja (czegoś lub kogoś)

stroke [N-COUNT-U8] A stroke is a blockage of blood flow to a part of the brain or a rupture of a blood vessel. udar mózgu

sudden [ADJ-U2] If an event is sudden, it occurs quickly and without warning. nagly

suicide [N-COUNT-U6] A suicide is an instance in which a person kills himself or herself. samobójstwo

symptom [N-COUNT-U8] A symptom is a sign or characteristic of a condition. symptom, objaw, oznaka

take advantage of [PHRASE-U3] To take advantage of someone is to exploit their mental, emotional or physical weaknesses for your own benefit i.e. steal money from a blind person. wykorzytać kogoś (np. ukraść pieniądze osobie niewidomej)

technology [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Technology is the application of new advances in learning and knowledge. technologia

theft [N-UNCOUNT-U3] Theft is the act of taking something which does not belong to you. kradzież

therapeutic [ADJ-U4] If something is therapeutic, it has a good effect on someone's well-being or disposition. leczniczy, terapeutyczny

time off [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Time off is a period of time a person spends away from work or other obligations. czas wolny od pracy

track [V-T-U10] To track someone or something is to monitor its location. śledzić, namierzać (kogoś lub coś)

transmit [V-T-U12] To transmit something is to transfer it from one place to another, such as an infection from one person to another. przekazać, przenieść (np. infekcję)

- trust [N-COUNT-U1] A trust is a legal entity in which a person's assets are held on behalf of one or more beneficiaries, to whom the assets will be distributed upon the person's death. stosunek powiernictwa, w którym majątek danej osoby jest przechowywany przez powiernika na rzecz wskazanych beneficjentów, którym zostanie przekazany po śmierci tej osoby
- unexpected [ADJ-U2] If an event that occurred was unexpected, it means that it was regarded as unplanned, unforeseen or unlikely to happen. niespodziewany, nagły
- unresponsive [ADJ-U6] If a person is unresponsive, he or she does not react or respond. (o kimś) niereagujący

update [V-T-U5] To update something is to modify it to include new information or developments. aktualizować (coś)

urn [N-COUNT-U13] An urn is a small container that holds the ashes of a body that has been cremated. urna

ventilator-associated pneumonia [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Ventilator-associated pneumonia is a type of pneumonia which occurs when people are on a machine which helps them breathe. odrespiratorowe zapalenie płuc

verbal [ADJ-U4] If communication is verbal, it is done through the use of spoken language. werbalny, ustny

verbal abuse [PHRASE-U3] Verbal abuse is to insult, demean, or threaten someone with words. przemoc słowna

video monitor [N-COUNT-U10] A video monitor is a screen on which someone can see video images. monitor

viewing [N-COUNT-U13] A viewing is an event in which family and friends of a deceased person view the person's body. wystawienie zwłok

virus [N-COUNT-U12] A virus is a small infectious entity only capable of replicating within the cells of living organisms. wirus

wake [N-COUNT-U13] A wake is an event in which family and friends of a deceased person gather before his/her funeral to remember the person. czuwanie przy zwłokach zmarłego przed pogrzebem

wander [V-I-U10] To wander is to walk about aimlessly without a destination. włóczyć się, szwendać się

warning sign [N-COUNT-U6] A warning sign is an indicator of a serious or negative condition. znak ostrzegawczy

will [N-COUNT-U1] A will is a document in which a person indicates their wishes for the disposal or distribution of their personal property after their death. testament, ostatnia wola

wish [N-COUNT-U1] A wish is a desire that something happen or be done a certain way. życzenie (np. zrobienia czegoś w określony sposób) withdrawn [ADJ-U6] If a person is withdrawn, he/she is emotionally distant. zamknięty w sobie, skryty