

**I. Uzupełnij luki w zdaniach podanymi idiomami, tak aby powstały zdania logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne.** (Poziom trudności: \*\*\*)

**pop the question   |   get hitched   |   puppy love  
blind date   |   love at first sight**

1. Kevin ..... with Laura sixteen years ago. They've got five children now.
2. Don't worry about your daughter; I'm sure she won't marry that boy. It's definitely just a .....
3. Sara really wants to find a husband. She's planning to go on a .....
4. Jane, have you heard the news? Brad ..... last Monday. The wedding is planned for the coming year.
5. When your parents met for the first time, it was ..... . Everybody knew that they would make a good couple.

**II. Połącz początek przysłowia z jego zakończeniem. Wpisz pełne zdania do tabeli.**

(Poziom trudności: \*)

- |                                       |                                  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Love                               | A. go round.                     |
| 2. When poverty comes in at the door, | B. is through his stomach.       |
| 3. Love makes the world               | C. is blind.                     |
| 4. The way to a man's heart           | D. in the eye of the beholder.   |
| 5. Beauty is                          | E. love flies out of the window. |

<b>1.</b>	
<b>2.</b>	
<b>3.</b>	
<b>4.</b>	
<b>5.</b>	

III. W poniższych zdaniach zostały użyte niewłaściwe czasowniki złożone. Przepisz zdania, tak aby miały sens używając poprawnego czasownika złożonego z ramki. (Poziom trudności: \*\*\*)

break up | make up | ask someone out | fall for somebody | chat somebody up

1. Poor Laura; she's crying a lot because she made up with her boyfriend last week.

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2. Tim really likes Eve. He's falling for her hoping that she'll become his wife one day.

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3. I'm happy because my sister broke up with her fiancé. They're planning their wedding now.

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4. Andy is so nervous today; he's going to chat Cindy up to the theatre.

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5. Harry asked Joanna out the moment he saw her at the party.

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IV. Podkreśl właściwy wyraz. (Poziom trudności: \*\*)

1. There was a crowd of onlookers at the **cite/ sight/ site** of the accident.

2. The **cite/ sight/ site** of the nearing tornado frightened me.

3. Lizzy is well-read and she likes to **cite/ sight/ site** Shakespeare.

4. Mat is going to design a new **cite/ sight/ site** of my company.

5. I can't stand the **cite/ sight/ site** of blood.